Summary of the product characteristics

# Summary of the product characteristics

## 1.0 Name of the medicinal product

Chlorphenamine Tablets BP 4 mg

## 2.0 Qualitative and Quantitative Composition

Each uncoated tablet contains: Chlorphenamine Maleate BP 4 mg For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1

## 3.0 Pharmaceutical Form

Tablets / Solid Dosage Form

White to off-white, round, flat, uncoated tablets with beveled edges and having a score line on one side.

## 4.0 Clinical particulars

### 4.1 Therapeutic Indications

Chlorphenamine tablets are indicated for symptomatic control of all allergic conditions responsive to antihistamines including hay fever, vasomotor rhinitis, urticaria, angioneurotic oedema, food allergy, drug and serum reactions and insect bites.

Also indicated for the symptomatic relief of itch associated with chickenpox.

### 4.2 Posology and Method of administration

Posology

### Adults and children over 12 years:

1 tablet (4mg) every 4 to 6 hourly.

Maximum daily dose: 6 tablets (24mg) in any 24 hours.

### **Elderly:**

The elderly are more likely to experience neurological anticholinergic effects. Consideration should be given to using a lower daily dose (e.g. a maximum of 12 mg in any 24 hours).

#### Children aged 6 - 12 years:

 $\frac{1}{2}$  tablet (2mg) 4 to 6 hourly.

Maximum daily dose: 3 tablets (12mg) in any 24 hours. Not recommended for children under the age of 6 years. Populations

Patients with renal or hepatic impairment should seek doctor's advice prior to taking this medicine.

#### Method of administration for oral administration only

Do not exceed the stated dose or frequency of dosing.

#### 4.2 Contraindications

• Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

The anticholinergic properties of chlorphenamine are intensified by monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs). The tablets are therefore contraindicated in patients who have been treated with MAOIs within the last fourteen days.

#### 4.3 Special warnings and precautions for use

Chlorphenamine in common with other drugs having anticholinergic effects, should be used with caution in epilepsy, raised intra-ocular pressure including glaucoma, prostatic hypertrophy; severe hypertension or cardiovascular disease; bronchitis, bronchiectasis and asthma; hepatic impairment; renal impairment. Children and the elderly are more likely to experience the neurological anticholinergic effects and paradoxical excitation (e.g. increased energy, restlessness, nervousness). Avoid use in elderly patients with confusion.

The anticholinergic properties of chlorphenamine may cause drowsiness, dizziness, blurred vision and psychomotor impairment in some patients which may seriously affect ability to drive and use machinery.

Concurrent use with drugs which cause sedation such as anxiolytics and hypnotics may cause an increase in sedative effects, therefore medical advice should be sought before taking chlorphenamine concurrently with these medicines.

The effects of alcohol may be increased and therefore concurrent use should be avoided.

Should not be used with other antihistamine containing products, including antihistamine containing cough and cold medicines

Patients with rare hereditary problems of galactose intolerance, total lactase deficiency or glucose-galactose malabsorption should not take this medicine. Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

#### 4.4 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Concurrent use of chlorphenamine and hypnotics or anxiolytics may cause an increase in sedative effects; therefore medical advice should be sought before taking chlorphenamine concurrently with these medicines.

Chlorphenamine inhibits phenytoin metabolism and can lead to phenytoin toxicity. The anticholinergic effects of chlorphenamine are intensified by MAOIs.

#### 4.5 Pregnancy and lactation

#### Pregnancy

There is no adequate data from the use of chlorphenamine maleate in pregnant women. The potential risk for humans is unknown. Use during the third trimester may result in reactions in the newborn or premature neonates. Not to be used during pregnancy unless considered essentially by a physician.

#### **Breast-feeding**

Chlorphenamine maleate and other antihistamine may inhibit lactation and may be secreted in breast milk.

Not to be used during lactation unless considered essential by a physician.

#### 4.6 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

The anticholinergic properties of chlorphenamine may cause drowsiness, dizziness, blurred vision and psychomotor impairment which can seriously hamper the patient's ability to drive and use machinery.

#### 4.7 Undesirable effects

The following convention has been utilised for the classification of the frequency of adverse reactions: very common (>1/10), common (>1/100 to <1/10), uncommon (>1/1000 to <1/100), rare (>1/10,000 to <1/1000) and very rare (<1/10,000), not known (cannot be estimated from

available data).

Adverse reactions identified during post-marketing use with chlorphenamine are listed below. As these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, the frequency of some reactions is unknown but likely to be rare or very rare:

System Organ Class	Adverse Reaction	Frequency
Nervous system disorders*	Sedation, somnolence	Very Common
	Disturbance in attention,	Common
	abnormal co-ordination,	
	dizziness, headache	
Eye disorders	Blurred vision	Common
Gastrointestinal disorders	Nausea, dry mouth	Common
	Vomiting, abdominal pain,	Unknown
	diarrhoea, dyspepsia	
Immune system disorders	Allergic reaction,	Unknown
	angioedema, anaphylactic	
	reactions	
Metabolism and	Anorexia	Unknown
nutritional disorders		
Blood and lymphatic	Haemolytic anaemia,	Unknown
system disorders	blood dyscrasias	
Musculoskeletal and	Muscle twitching, muscle	Unknown
connective tissue disorders	weakness	
Psychiatric disorders	Confusion*, excitation*,	Unknown
	irritability*, nightmares*,	
	depression	
Renal and urinary	Urinary retention	Unknown
disorders		
Skin and subcutaneous	Exfoliative dermatitis, rash,	Unknown
disorders	urticaria,	
	photosensitivity	
Respiratory, thoracic and	Thickening of bronchial	Unknown
mediastinal disorders	secretions	

Vascular disorders	Hypotension	Unknown
Hepatobiliary disorders	Hepatitis, including jaundice	Unknown
Ear and labyrinth disorders	Tinnitus	Unknown
Cardiac disorders	Palpitations, tachycardia, arrhythmia	Unknown
General disorders and	Fatigue	Common
administration site conditions	Chest tightness	Unknown

\*Children and the elderly are more likely to experience the neurological anticholinergic effects and paradoxical excitation (e.g. increased energy, restlessness, nervousness).

#### **Reporting of suspected adverse reactions**

Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicinal product is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicinal product. Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions via EFDA yellow Card Scheme, online at <u>https://primaryreporting.who-umc.org/ET</u> or toll free call 8482 to Ethiopian food and drug authority (EFDA).

#### 4.8 Overdose

### Symptoms and signs

The estimated lethal dose of chlorphenamine is 25 to 50mg/kg body weight. Symptoms and signs include sedation, paradoxical excitation of the CNS, toxic psychosis, apnoea, convulsions, anticholinergic effects, dystonic reactions and cardiovascular collapse including arrhythmias.

#### Treatment

Management should be as clinically indicated or as recommended by the national poisons centres where available.

Symptomatic and supportive measures should be provided with special attention to cardiac, respiratory, renal and hepatic functions, and fluid and electrolyte balance.

If overdosage is by the oral route, treatment with activated charcoal should be considered

provided there are no contraindications for use and the overdose has been taken recently (treatment is most effective if given within an hour of ingestion).

Treat hypotension and arrhythmias vigorously; CNS convulsions may be treated with I.V. diazepam.

Haemoperfusion may be used in severe cases.

## 5.0 Pharmacological properties

## 5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Chlorphenamine is a potent antihistamine (H1-antagoonist). Antihistamines diminish or abolish the actions of histamine in the body by competitive reversible blockade of histamine H1-receptor sites on tissues. Chlorphenamine also has anticholinergic activity.

Antihistamines act to prevent the release of histamine, prostaglandins and leukotrienes and have been shown to prevent the migration of inflammatory mediators. The actions of chlorphenamine include inhibition of histamine on smooth muscle, capillary permeability and hence reduction of oedema and wheal in hypersensitivity reactions such as allergy and anaphylaxis.

## 5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Chlorphenamine is well absorbed from the gastro-intestinal tract, following oral administration. The effects develop within 30 minutes, are maximal within 1 to 2 hours and last 4 to 6 hours. The plasma half-life has been estimated to be 12 to 15 hours.

There is significant plasma protein binding. The drug is largely inactivated in the liver and excreted as metabolites in the urine. Chlorphenamine is metabolised to the monodesmethyl and didesmethyl derivative. About 22% of an oral dose is excreted unchanged in the urine. Only trace amounts have been found in the faeces.

### 5.3 Preclinical safety data

Not Applicable.

## 6.0 Pharmaceutical particulars

### 6.1 List of excipients

Calcium Hydrogen Phosphate, Calcium Sulfate Dihydrate, Maize Starch, Microcrystalline Cellulose, Gelatin, Methyl Hydroxybenzoate, Propyl Hydroxybenzoate, Purified Talc, Magnesium Stearate, Sodium Starch Glycolate (type A), Colloidal Anhydrous Silica

#### 6.2 Incompatibilities

Not Applicable

### 6.3 Shelf life

36 months

### 6.4 Special precautions for storage

Store at a temperature below 30°C in a dry place

Protect from light.

### 6.5 Nature and contents of container

10\*10, Blister-Clear PVC Film

## 6.6 Special precautions for disposal and other handling

Not Applicable.

## 7.0 Marketing Authorisation Holder

### **Medicamen Biotech Limited**

SP-1192 A & B, PHASE - IV,

Industrial Area, Bhiwadi -

301019 Distt. Alwar, Rajasthan,

INDIA.

### 8.0 Number(s) in the national register of finished pharmaceutical products

Registration No; 07841/3474/NMR/2017

### 9.0 Date of first authorisation/renewal of the authorisation

Approval date; 30-09-2022

### **10.0** Date of revision of the text

July 2023